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**“ INNOVATIVE AGRICULTURAL TECHNIQUES TO BOOST
ENTREPRENEURIAL SKILLS OF FUTURE FARMERS”**

FARMERS FOR FUTURE

ERASMUS+ PARTNERSHIPS

PROJECT 2020-1-IT01-KA202-008505

IEK KAVALAS, GREECE

**Choices of the
types of
agriculture
that better fit
our territory**



Vineyards

The vine is a perennial deciduous plant that is cultivated throughout Greece. The plant can be characterized as a shrub, climbing or tree, because it has all the stages of stem life, ie woody parts, green parts, leaves, elongated shoots (vines) etc. The vineyards in the area of Kavala the acres in total in 2017 are cultivated 30,000 acres of vineyards of which 7500 thousand are exclusively for winemaking.



Olive trees

The olive or olive tree or olive tree is a genus of fruit trees of the family of Olives, which is very common in Greece. Its fruit is also called olive and from it olive oil is produced.



Almond trees

Almond is a species of plant of the Rosaceae family that is often included in the genus Prunus. The most common species is Prunus dulcis, which grows in almost all hot and dry areas of the Mediterranean zone where it has been cultivated since ancient times. For this reason, determining its place of origin is very difficult. It is a deciduous tree with a height of 4 to 12 meters, trunk up to 30 cm in diameter and leaves elliptical, lanceolate and toothed



Corn

Corn or maize belongs to the cereals. It is cultivated mainly for fruit, oil production and secondarily for biomass production for immediate consumption or silage (drying of the green mass and storage for animal feed).



Thank you
for watching
this
presentation



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